

The Santa Fe Light Cone Simulation Project: Predictions for SZ Observations of the WHIM and Galaxy Clusters

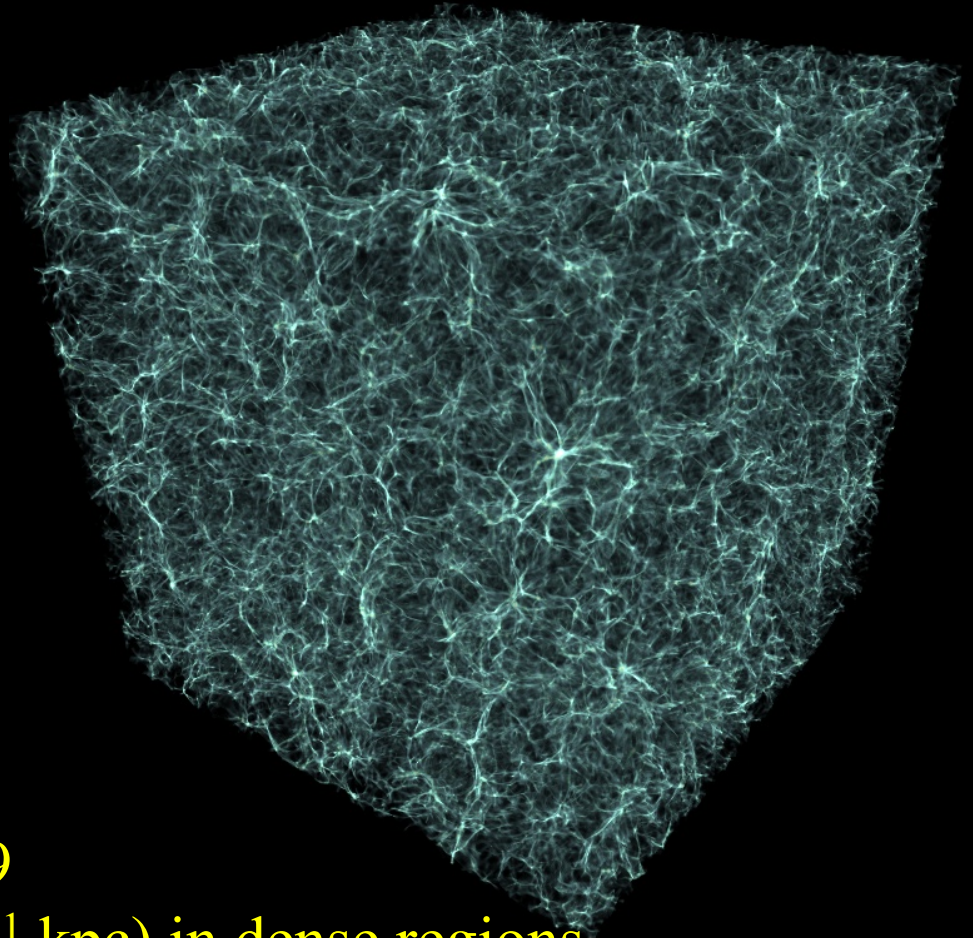
Jack Burns and Eric Hallman, University of Colorado at Boulder
Brian O'Shea, Los Alamos National Laboratory
Michael Norman, University of California at San Diego

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Adaptive Mesh Refinement (AMR) Light Cone Simulations (N-body + Hydro)

Enzo (O'Shea et al. 2005,
<http://cosmos.ucsd.edu/enzo>)

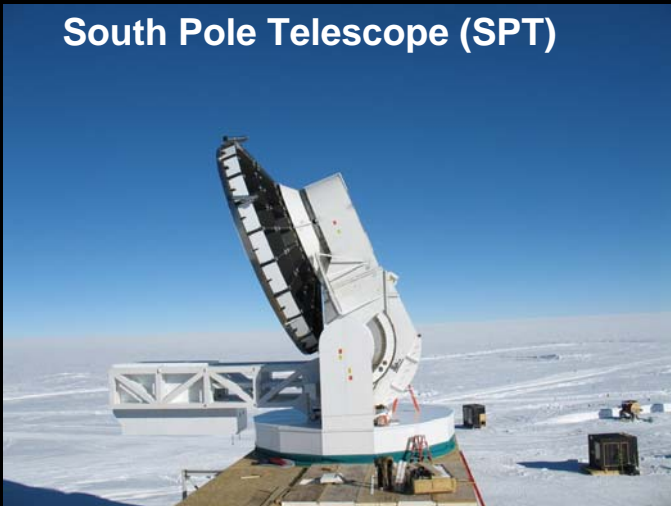


- Λ CDM $\Omega_m=0.3$, $\Omega_\Lambda=0.7$, $\sigma_8=0.9$
- AMR gives high resolution ($8 h^{-1}$ kpc) in dense regions
- $512 h^{-1}$ Mpc on a side, use 7 levels of refinement
- 100 square degrees; 27 z-intervals tiled from $z = 3$ to 0.1
- DM mass = $7.3 \times 10^{10} M_{\text{solar}}$, baryon mass = $1.1 \times 10^{10} M_{\text{solar}}$
- Initial run is adiabatic physics only

Goals for the Santa Fe Light Cone

- Complementary tool with new SZ telescopes to enable precision cosmology.
- Investigate effects of intrinsic cluster to cluster variations, geometric projections, baryonic physics, variation in cosmological parameters, and instrumental limitations on survey completeness & angular statistics.

South Pole Telescope (SPT)

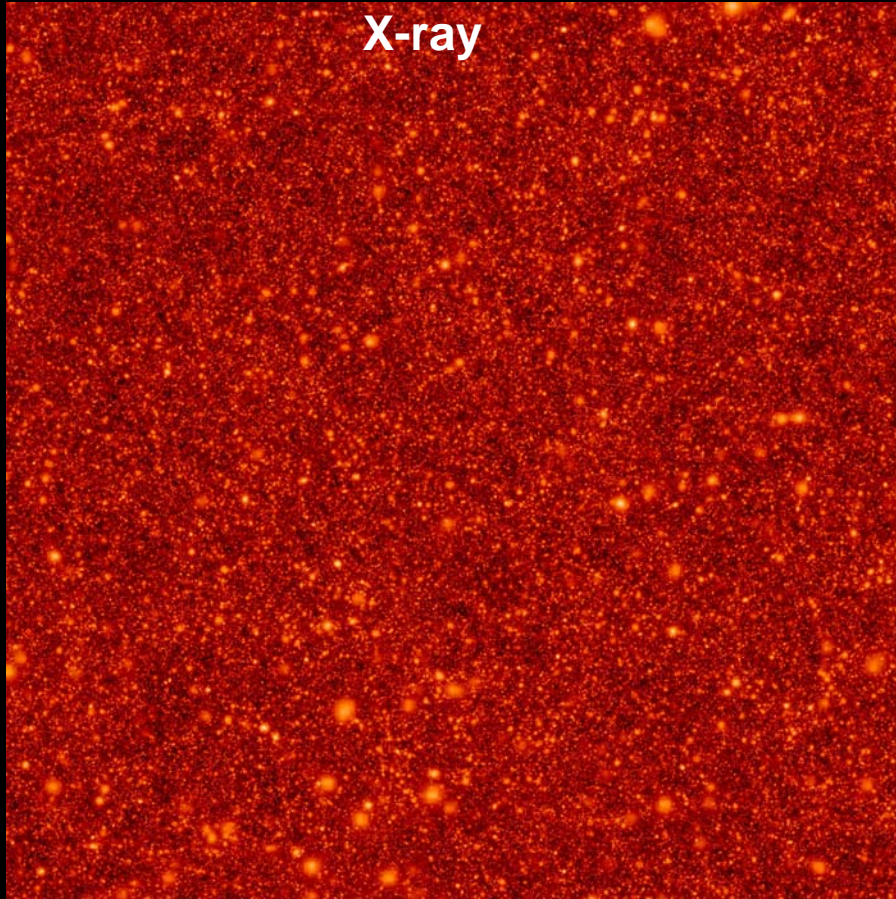


Atacama Pathfinder Experiment (APEX)

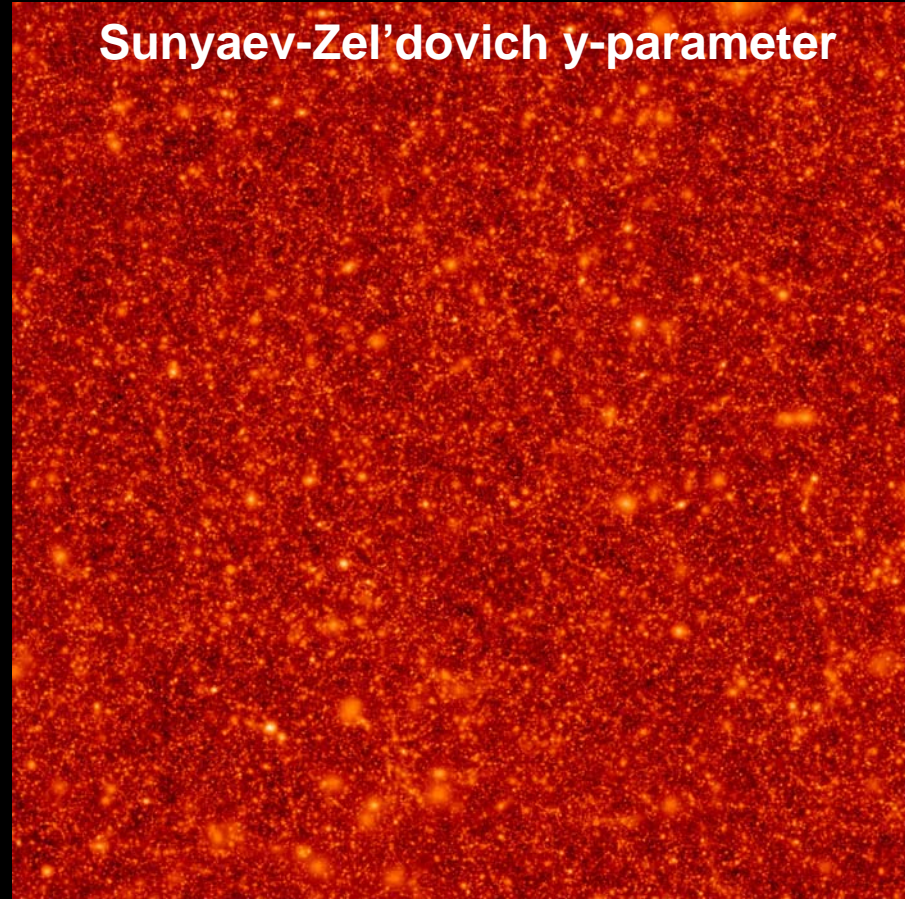


Sky Surveys

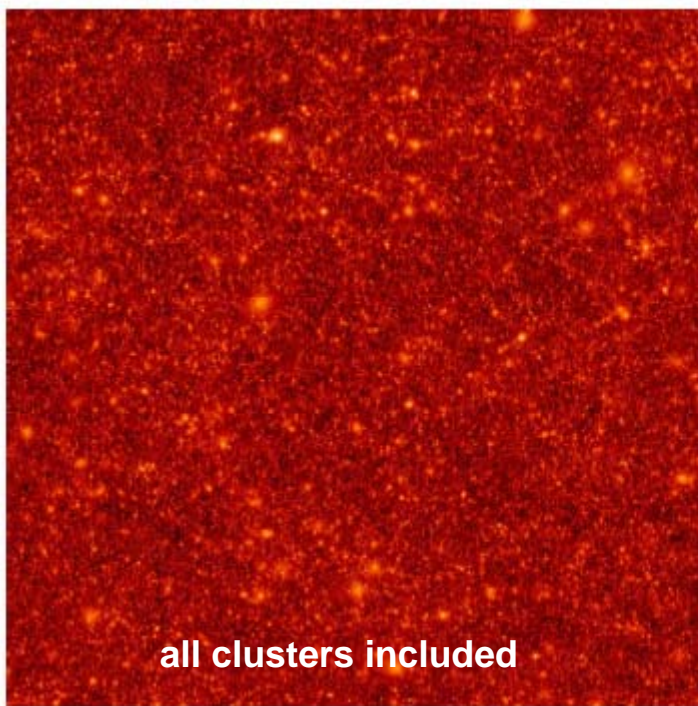
X-ray



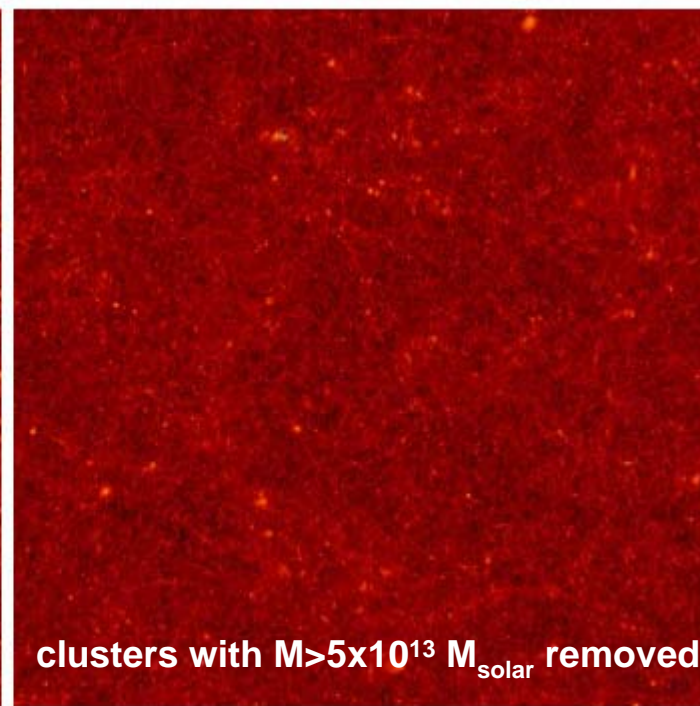
Sunyaev-Zel'dovich y -parameter



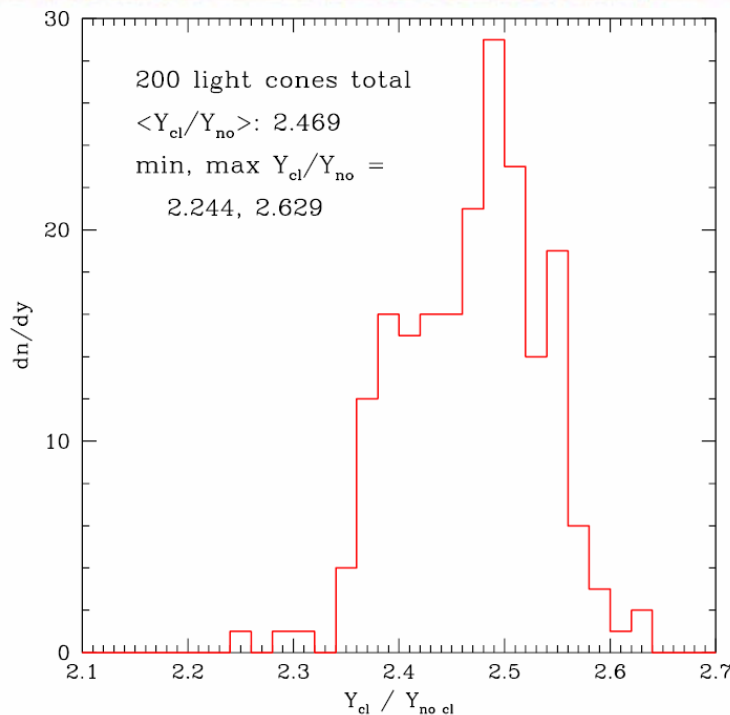
- X-ray and SZE synthetic surveys
- 5000+ Clusters above $1 \times 10^{14} M_{\text{solar}}$ in field out to $z=3$
- 2048x2048, 10x10 degrees, 17.6'' / pixel



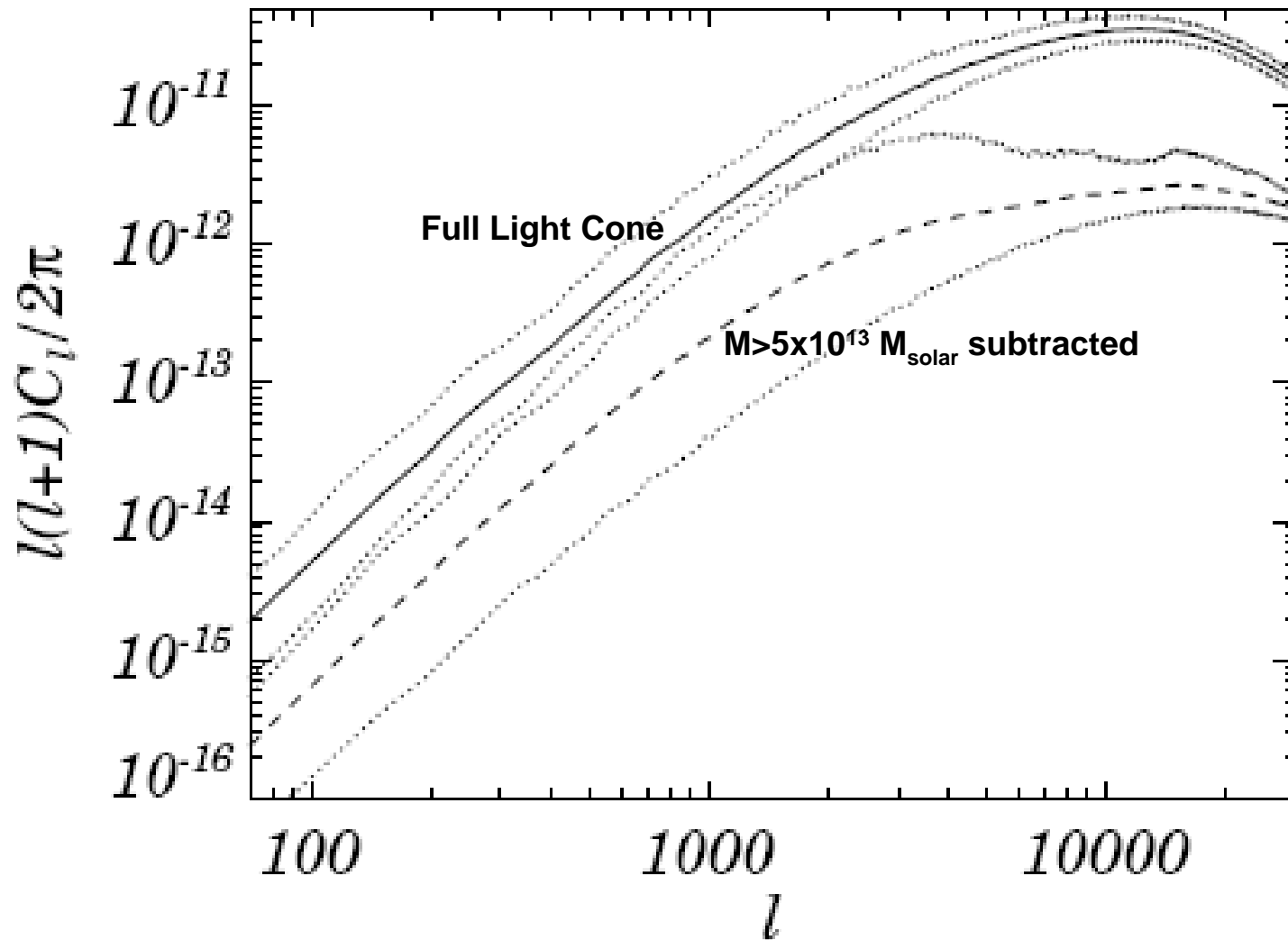
all clusters included



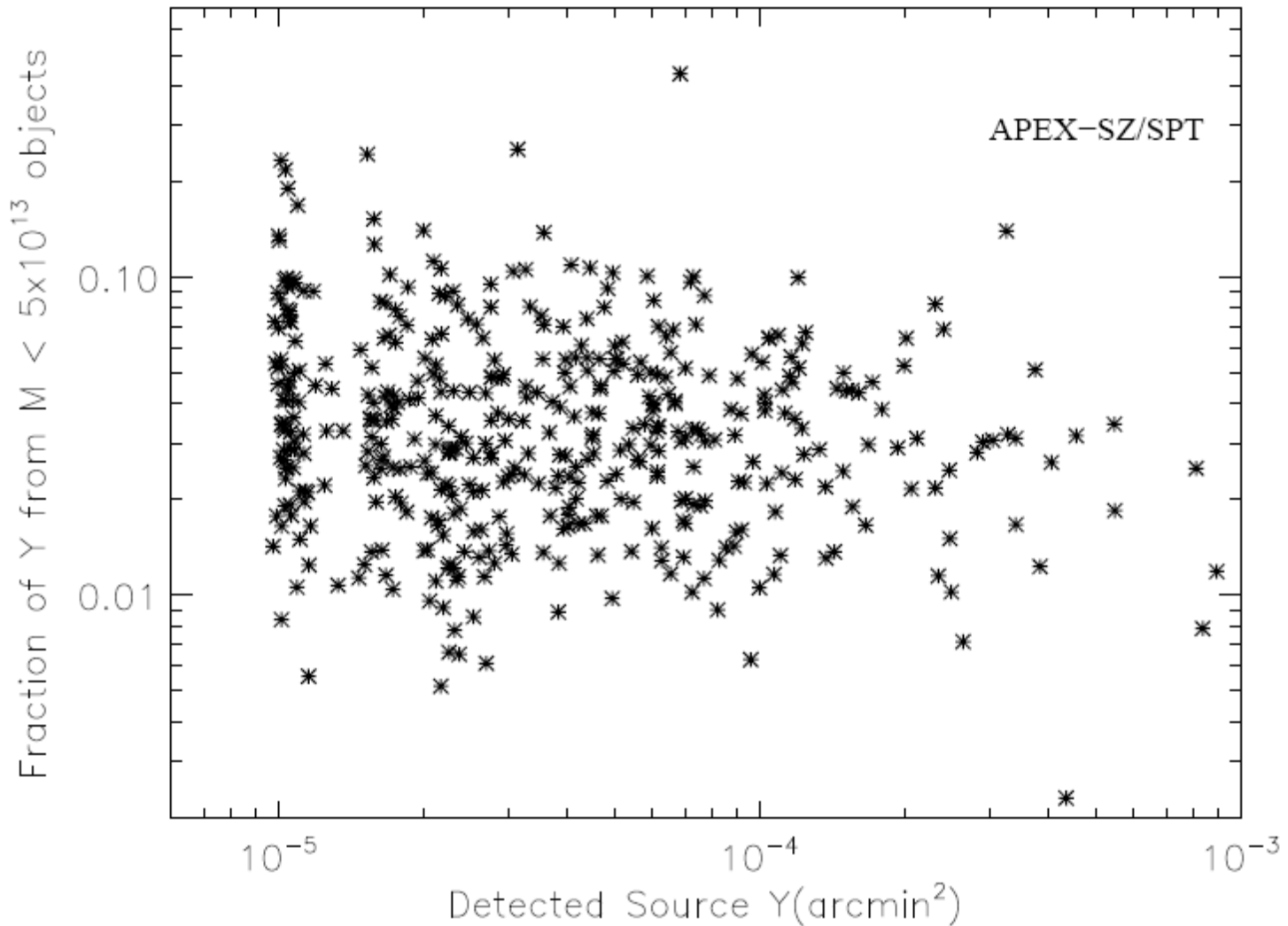
clusters with $M > 5 \times 10^{13} M_{\text{solar}}$ removed



Histogram of ratio of total flux in SZ y-parameter from left over right images.
=> 2/3^{rds} of flux from clusters with $M > 5 \times 10^{13} M_{\text{solar}}$ and 1/3rd from WHIM and poor groups.



Angular power spectrum from SZ image. Angular power from cluster-subtracted field is nearly 10 times less than for full Light Cone.



Unresolved halos and unbound gas (WHIM) create positive bias for flux measurements of individual clusters. For APEX/SPT, this extra flux is expected to be 1.6-5.9% (1-sigma). Will add scatter and bias to Y-M relationship.

Summary

- We have introduced a new generation of large-area, large volume synthetic cluster survey tools to use in conjunction with new SZ telescopic observations.
- There is a clear contribution to the SZ flux in surveys from gas outside clusters (from groups and WHIM).
- This flux adds both bias and scatter to the SZ y -parameter values in upcoming surveys.