#### 21 cm Cosmology

Miguel F. Morales Boulder, October 5<sup>th</sup>, 2010

Tuesday, November 23, 2010

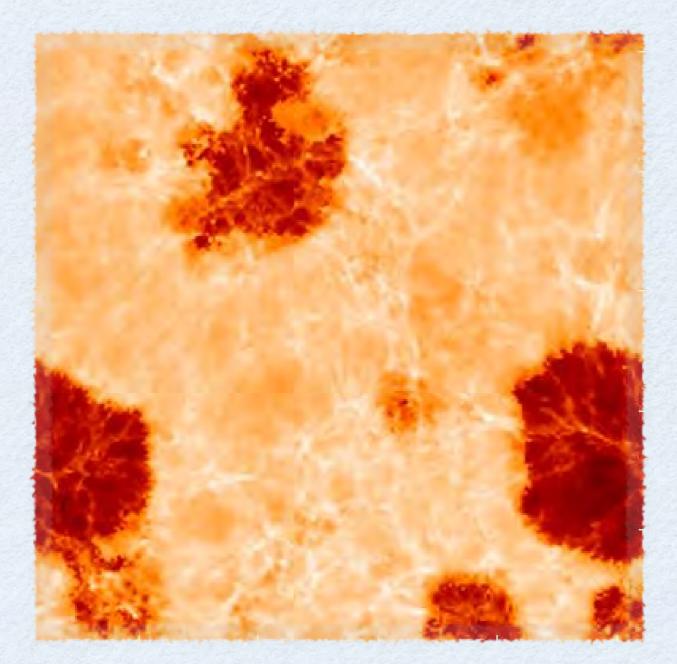
### See invited ARAA review

#### Reionization and Cosmology with 21-cm Fluctuations

#### Miguel F. Morales<sup>1</sup> and J. Stuart B. Wyithe<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington 98195; email: mmorales@phys.washington.edu

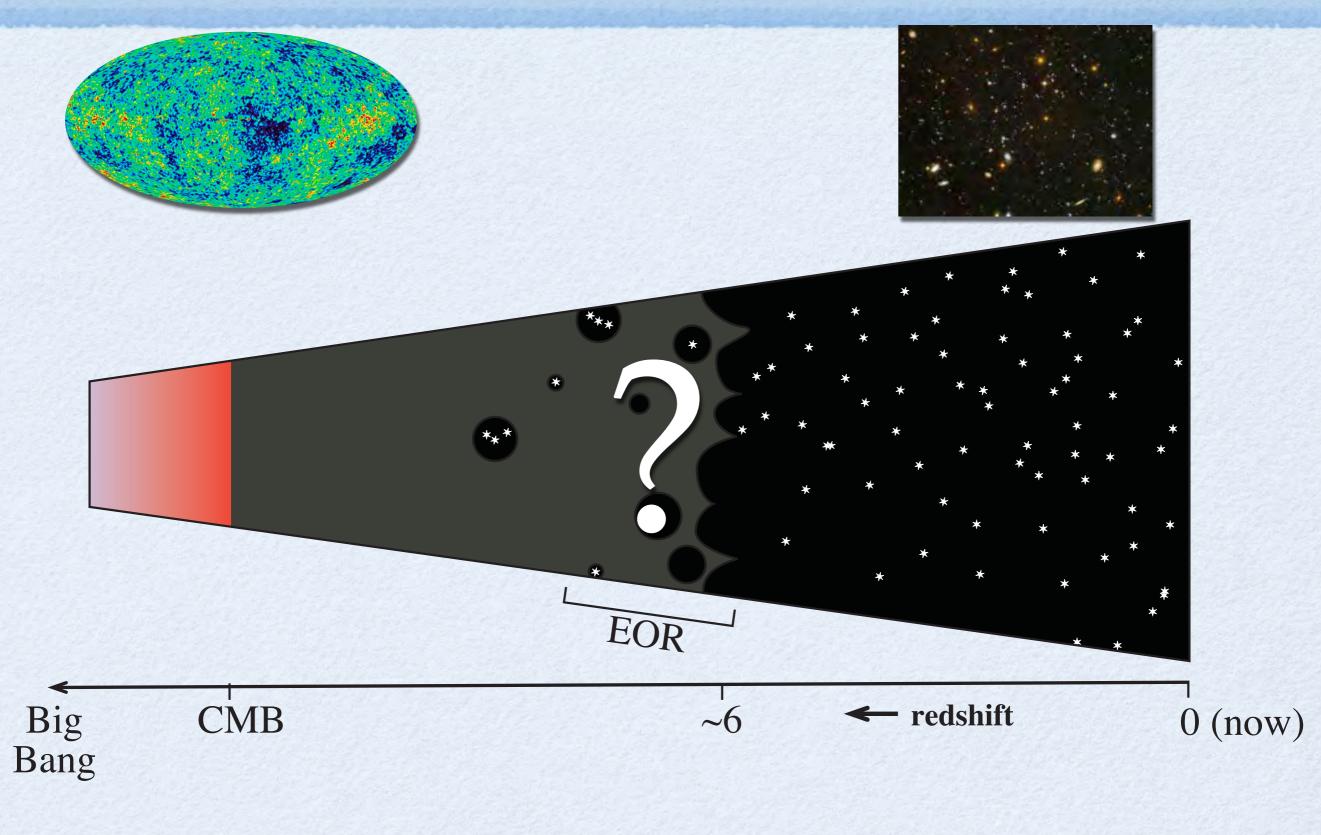
<sup>2</sup>School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Parkville, 3052 Victoria, Australia; email: swyithe@unimelb.edu.au



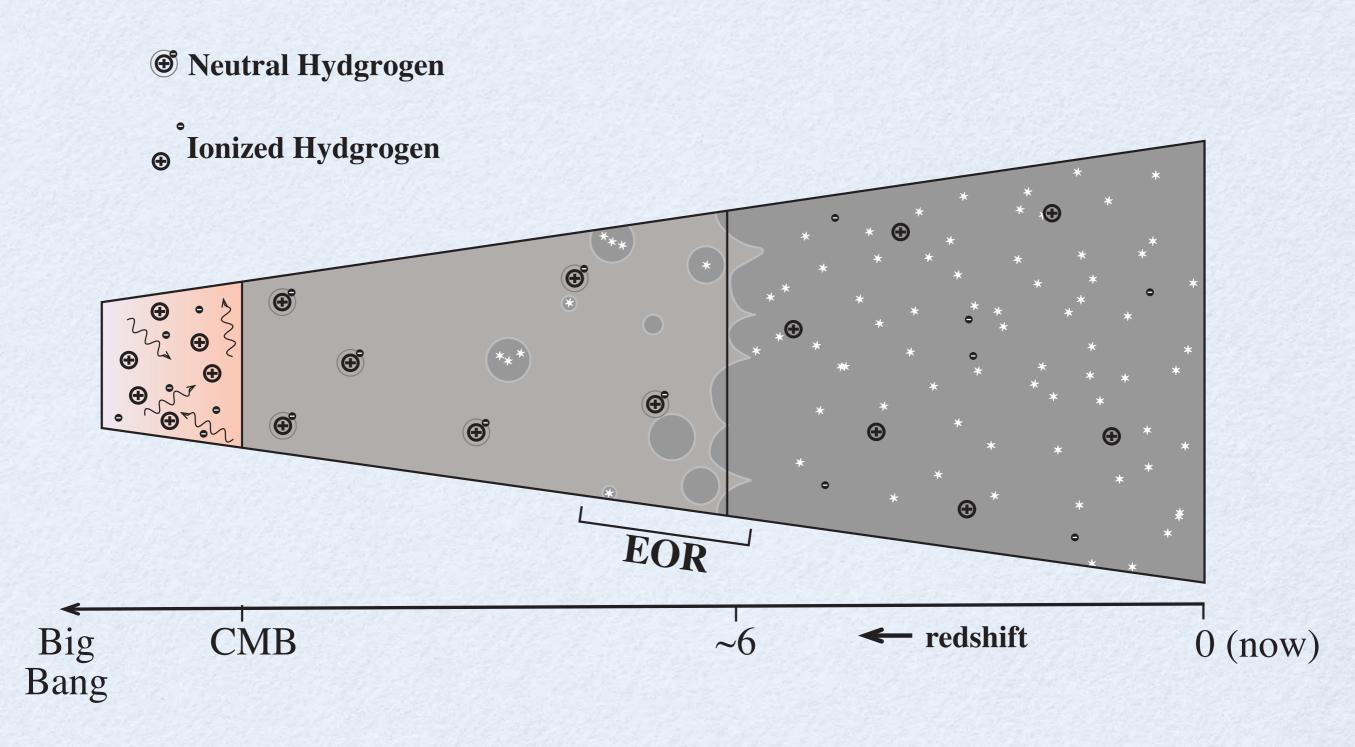
# The cosmological HI signal

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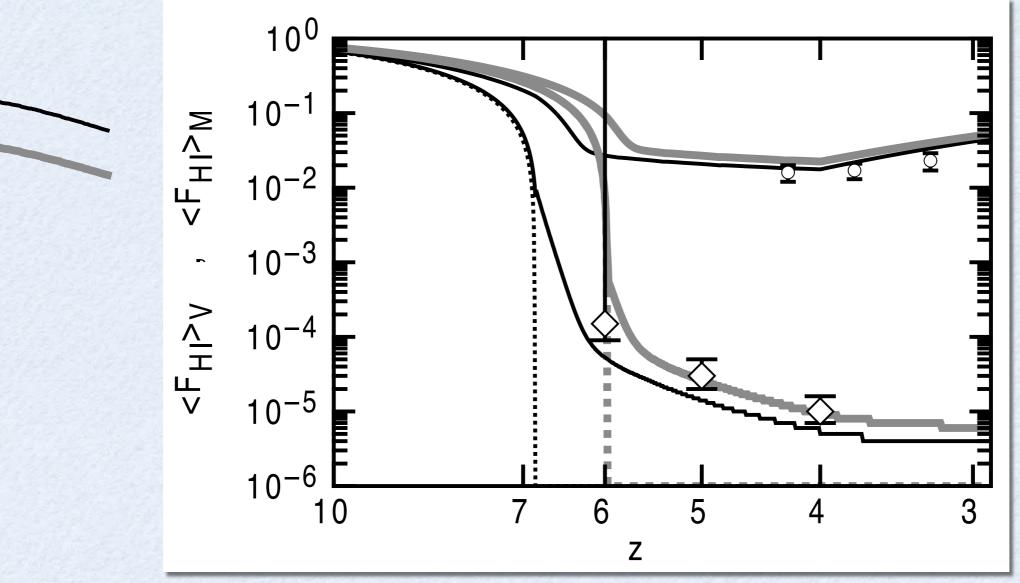
## How did galaxies form?



# Short history of hydrogen

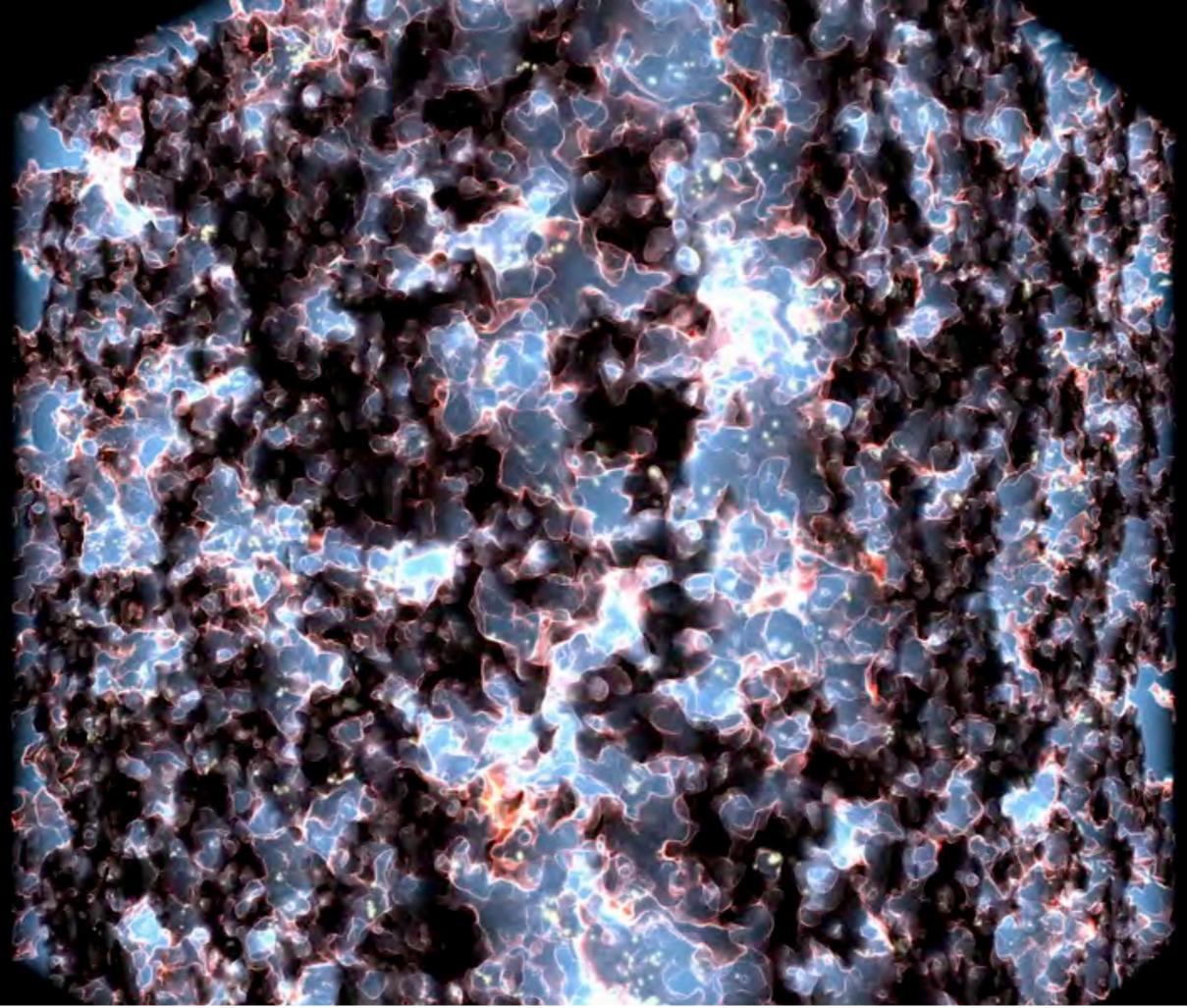


## Dark energy with HI

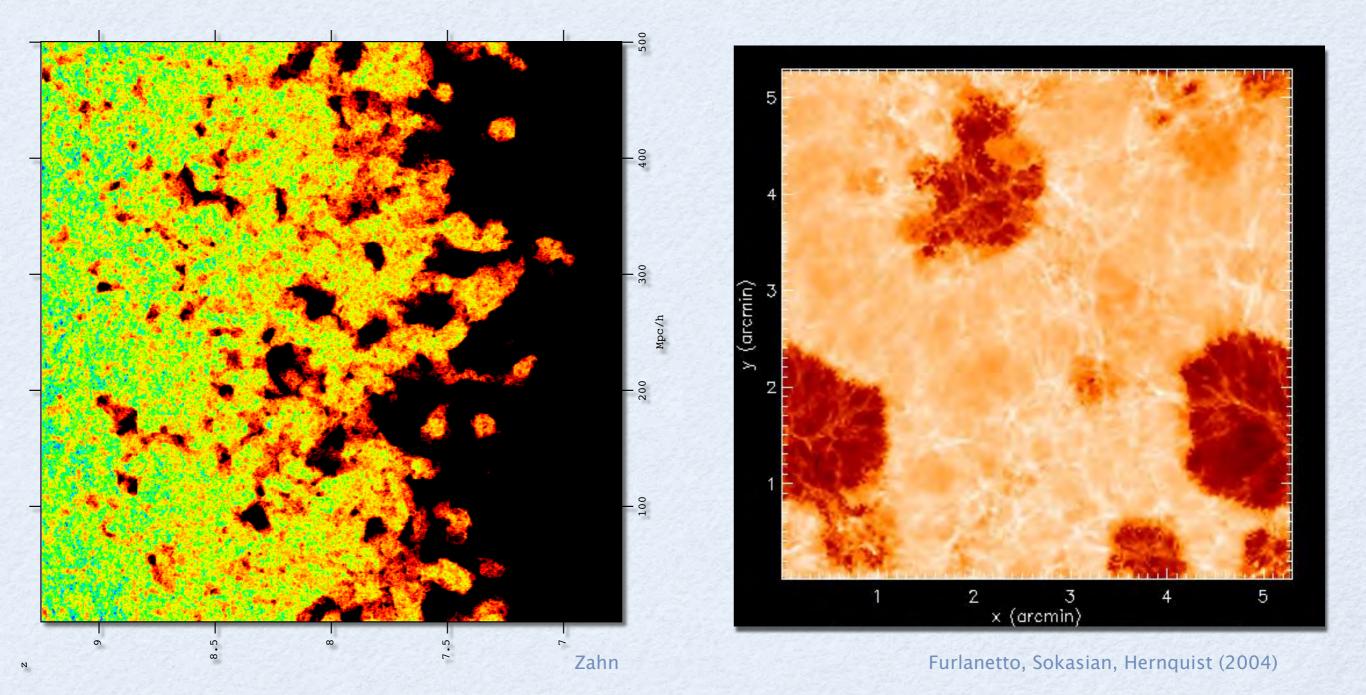


Wyithe & Loeb (2007)

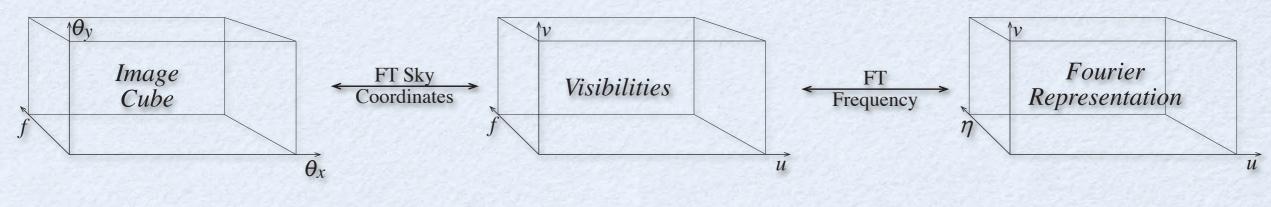
<F<sub>HI</sub>><sub>V</sub> related to Lyman-α absorption, ~10<sup>-4</sup>
 <F<sub>HI</sub>><sub>M</sub> related to HI emission, ~10<sup>-2</sup>



## HI during EoR

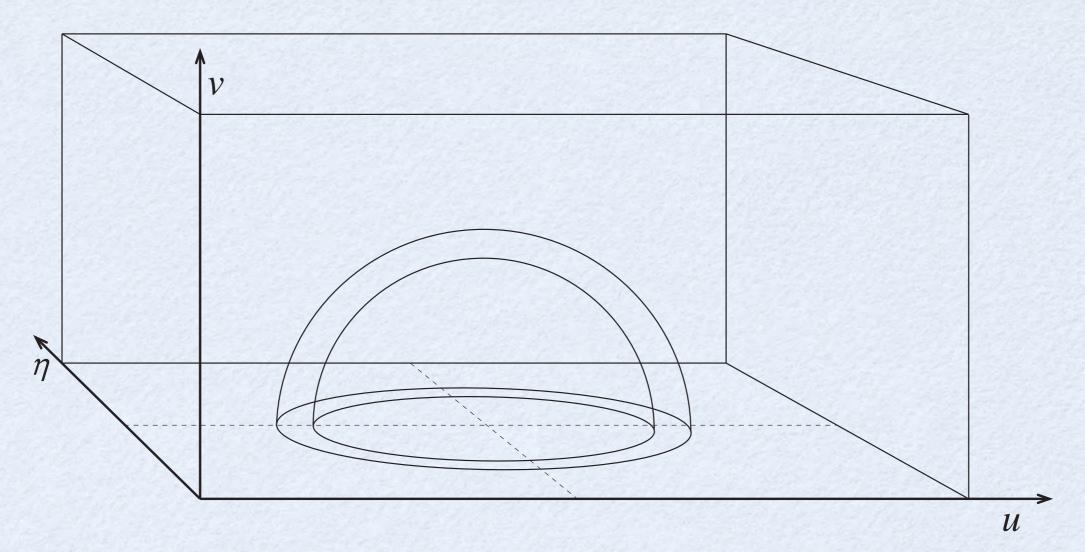


#### Statistical EoR detection



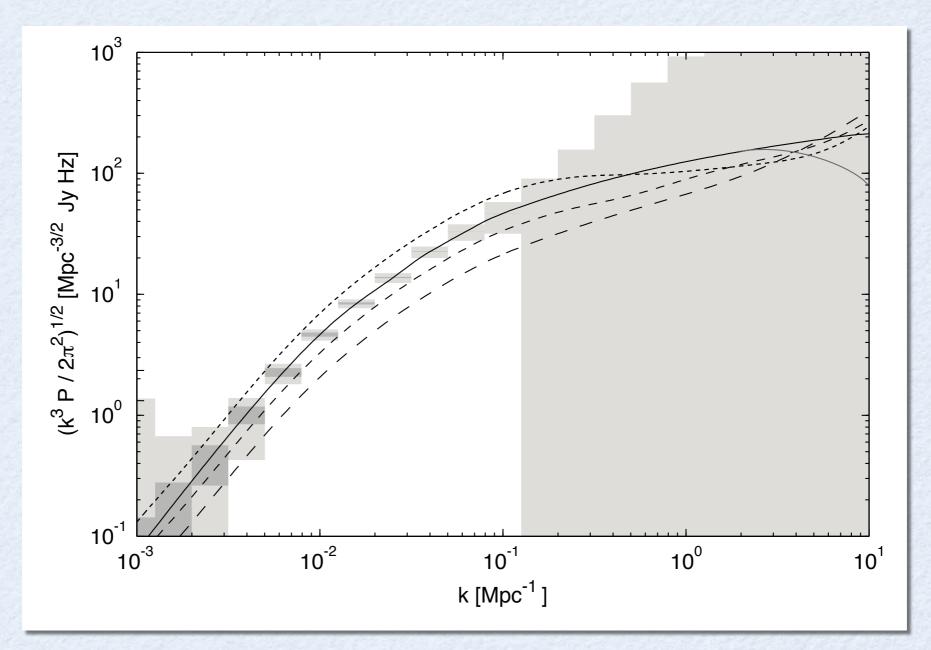
Morales & Hewitt (2004)

## Spherical symmetry



Morales & Hewitt (2004)

### EoR power spectrum

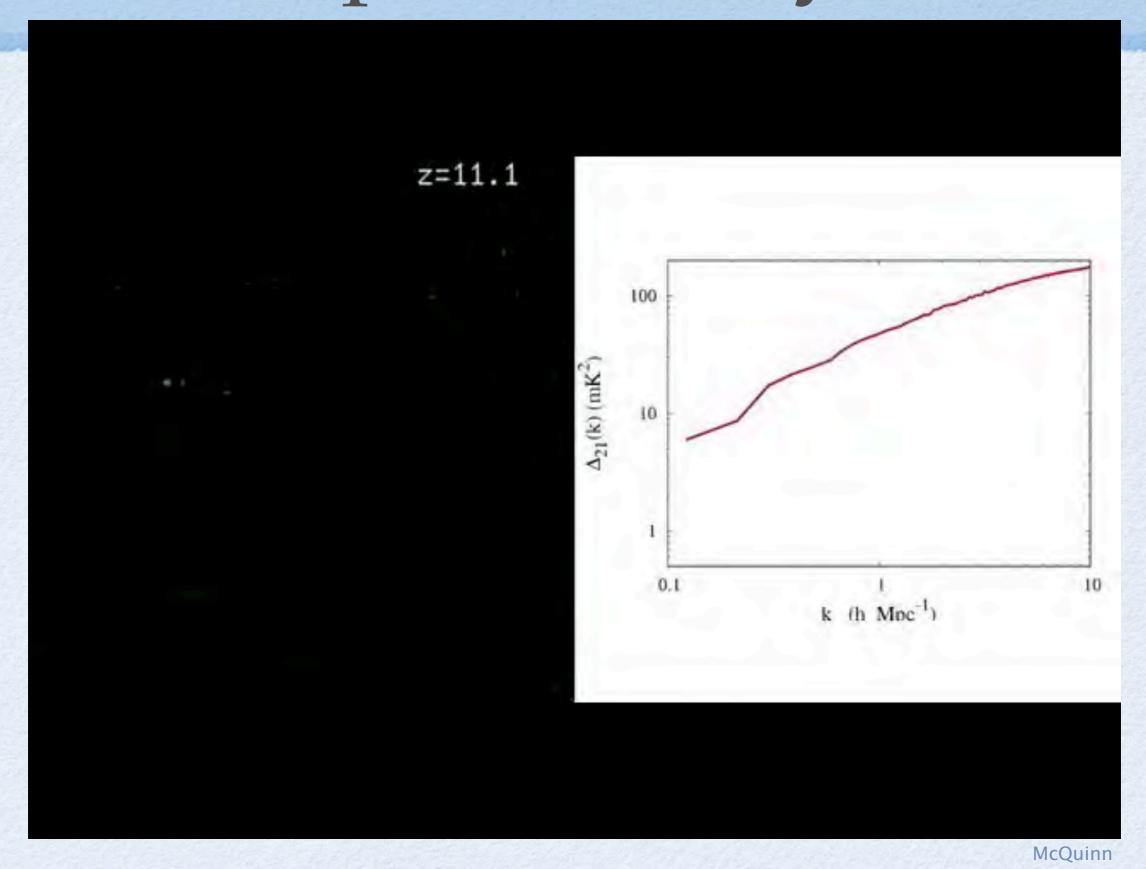


Furlanetto, Zaldarriaga, Hernquist (2004a,b) Bowman, Morales & Hewitt (2005)

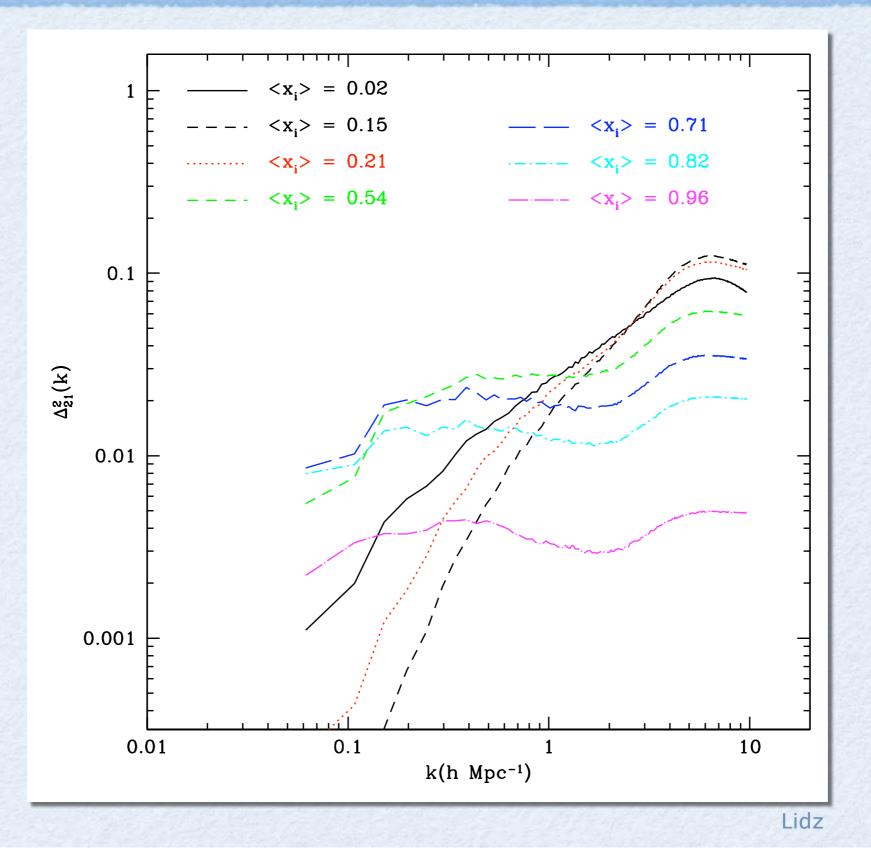
#### z = 8,360 hours of integration

Kaplinghat (2005)

#### Power spectrum dynamics



## HI power spectra evolution



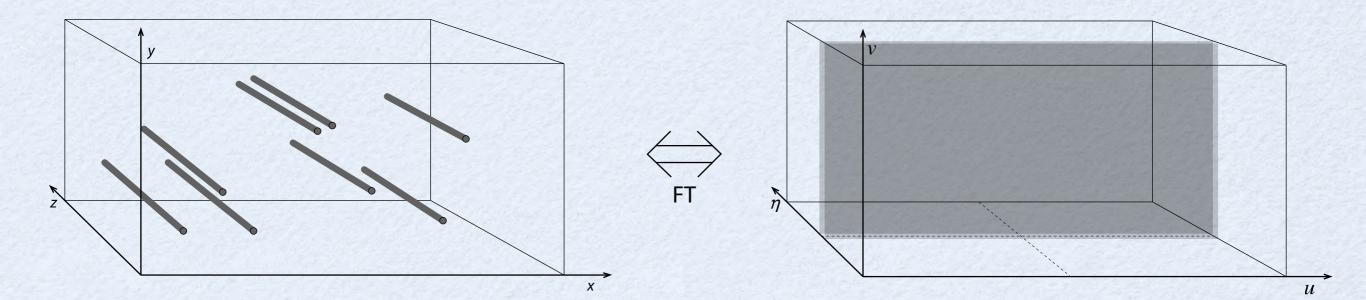
Tuesday, November 23, 2010

## Why is this hard? Foregrounds

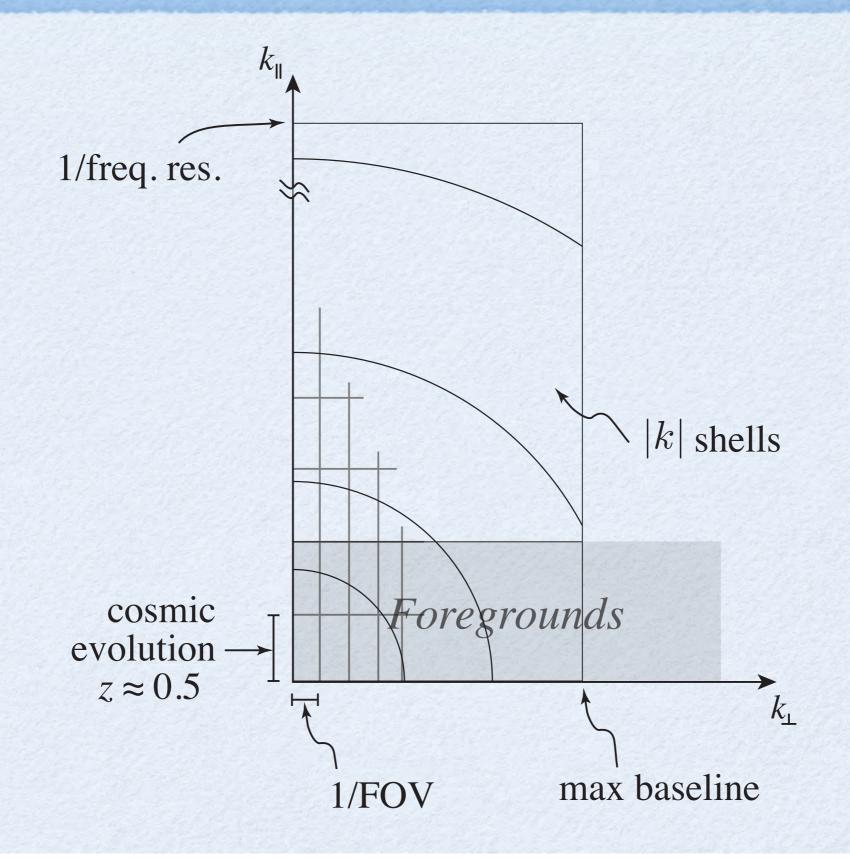
- Galactic emission (polarized and Faraday rotated)
- Bright point sources
- Faint point sources
- Instrumental contamination
- Radio recombination lines
- RFI
- Mode mixing

## Foreground symmetry

U



#### k-space measurement

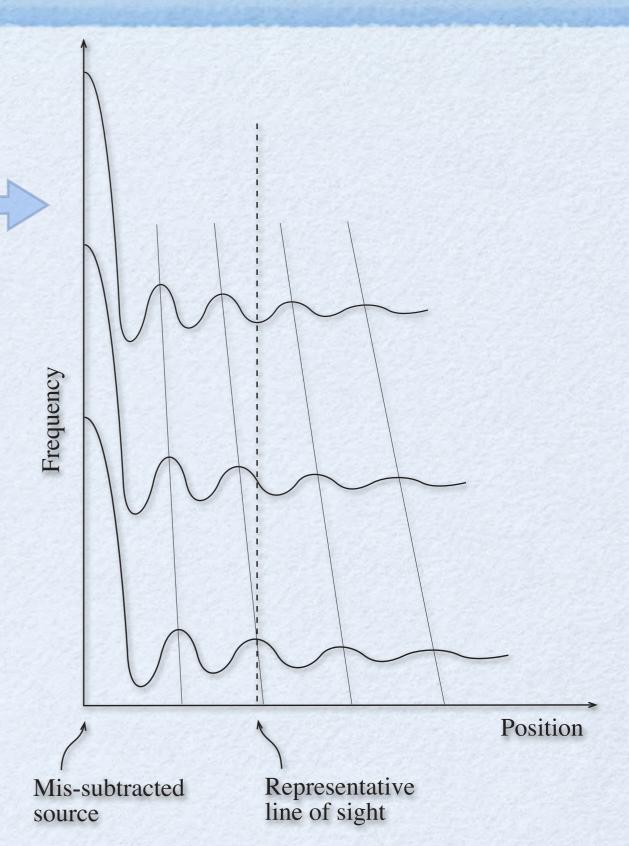


## Mode mixing

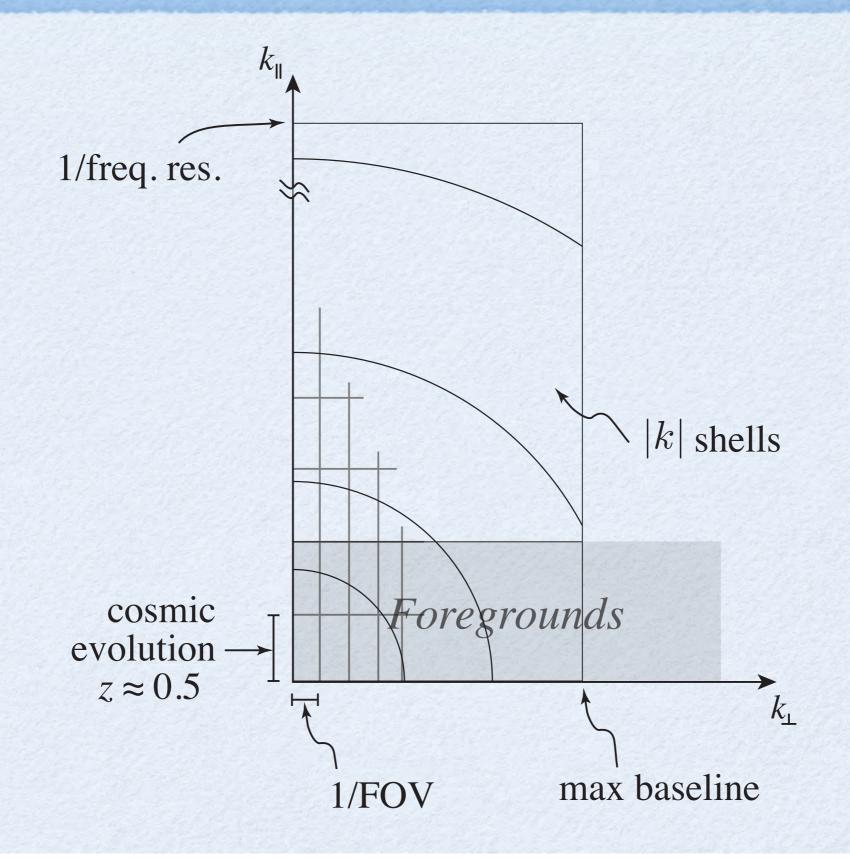
- Frontier of foreground subtraction is interactions between calibration and foregrounds
- Need measurement fidelity of 10<sup>-4</sup> 10<sup>-6</sup>
- Effectively a product of the calibration errors and foreground uncertainty

## Examples

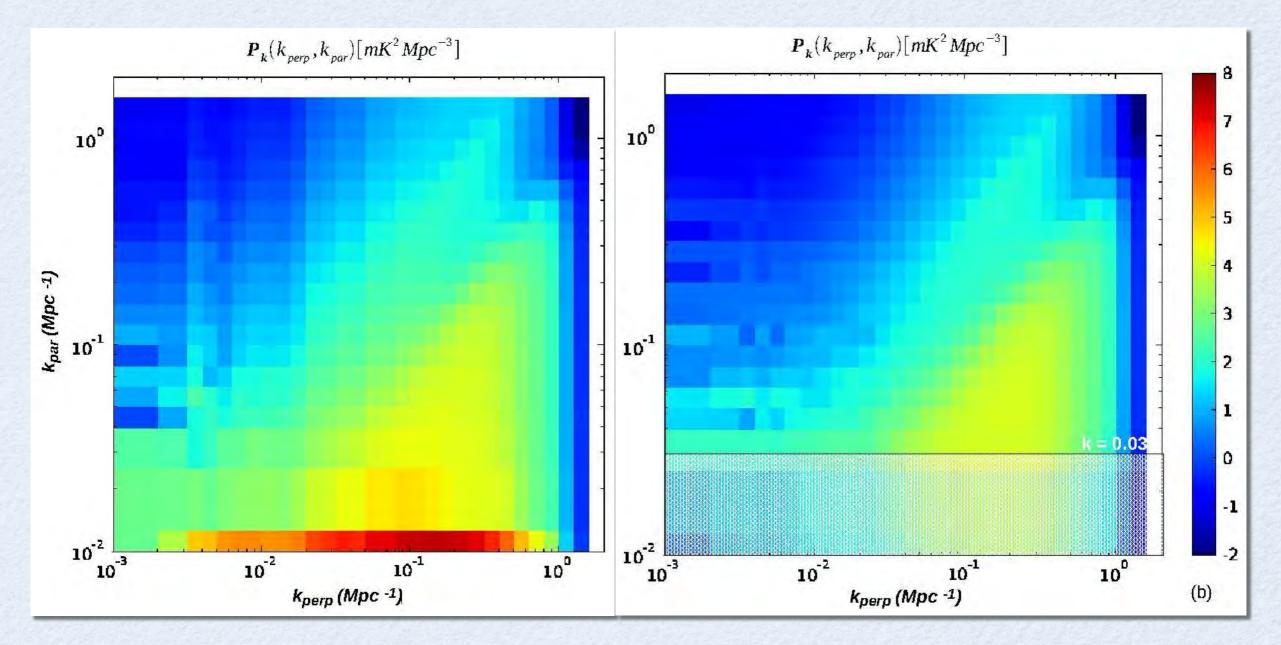
- Chromatic array beam (PSF) & residual source flux, residual frequency ripple
- Polarized foreground & polarization mis-calibration, flux leakage from Q & U → I
- Antenna beam dependence & point sources, decorrelation of visibilities at different frequencies



#### k-space measurement

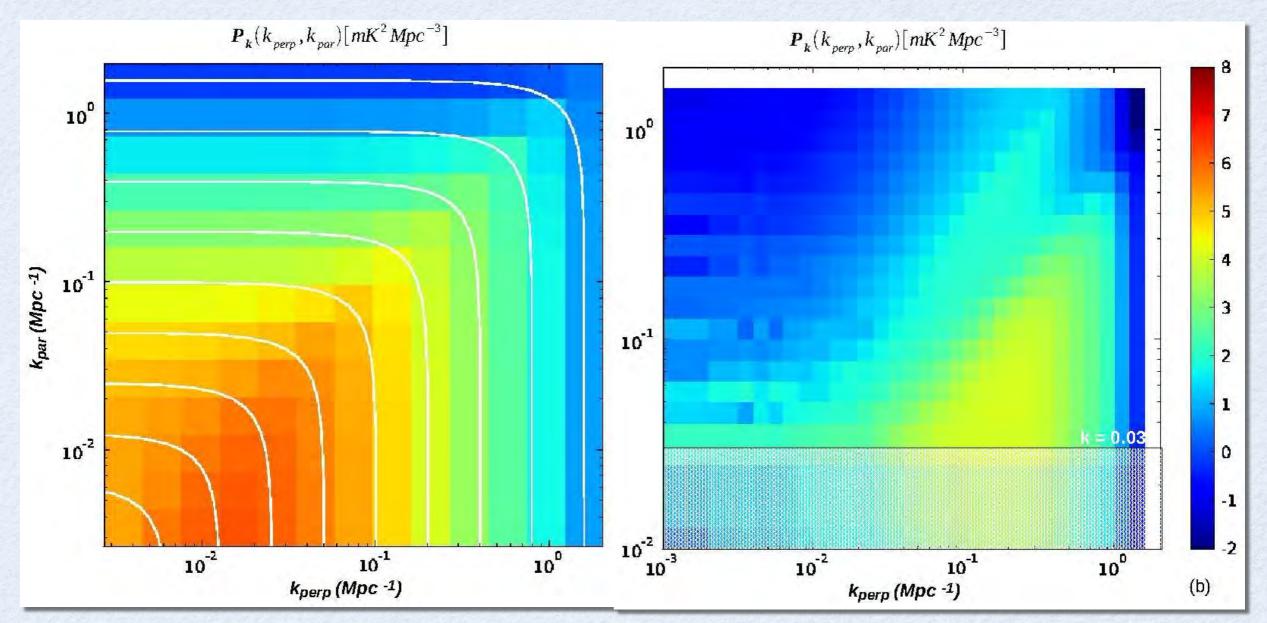


# Bright source location error



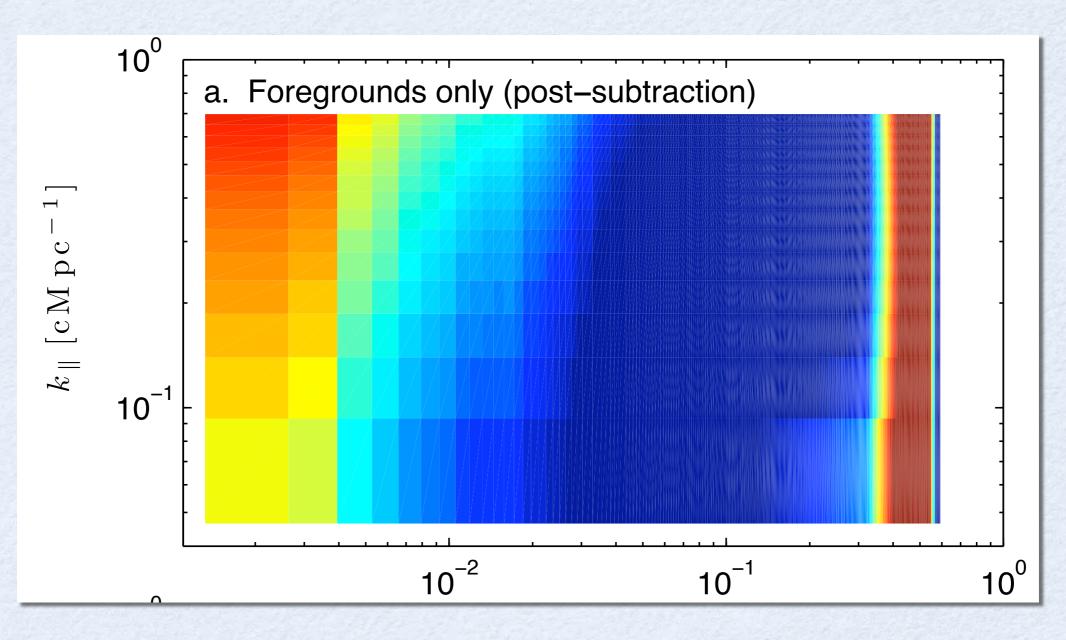
Datta et al. (2010)

## Foreground subtraction



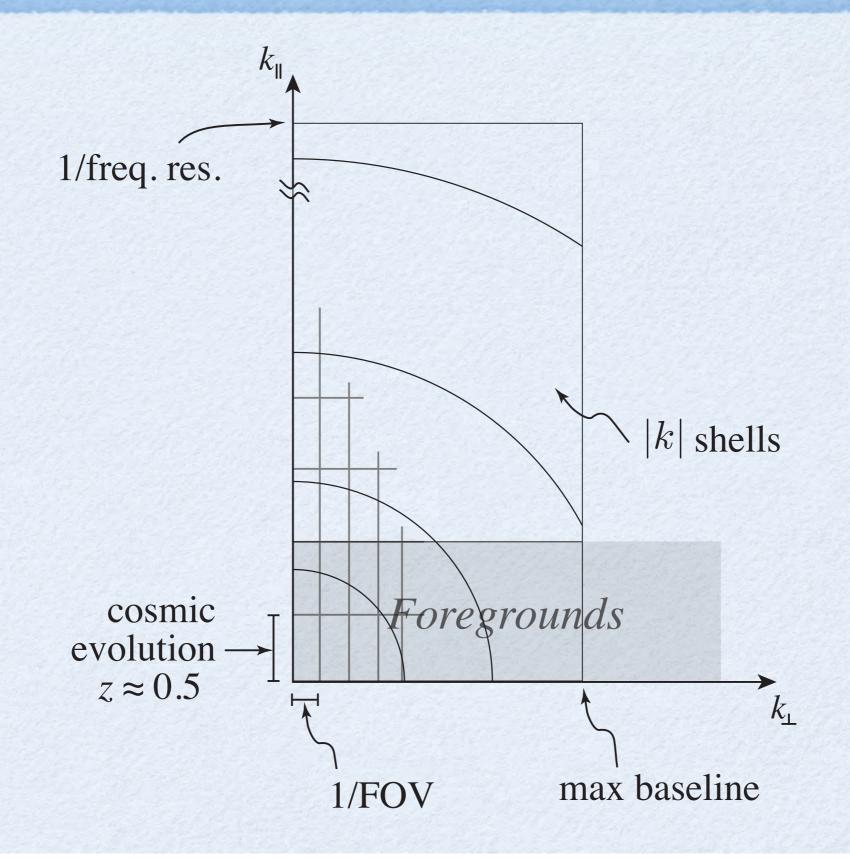
Datta et al. (2010)

### Confusion level sources

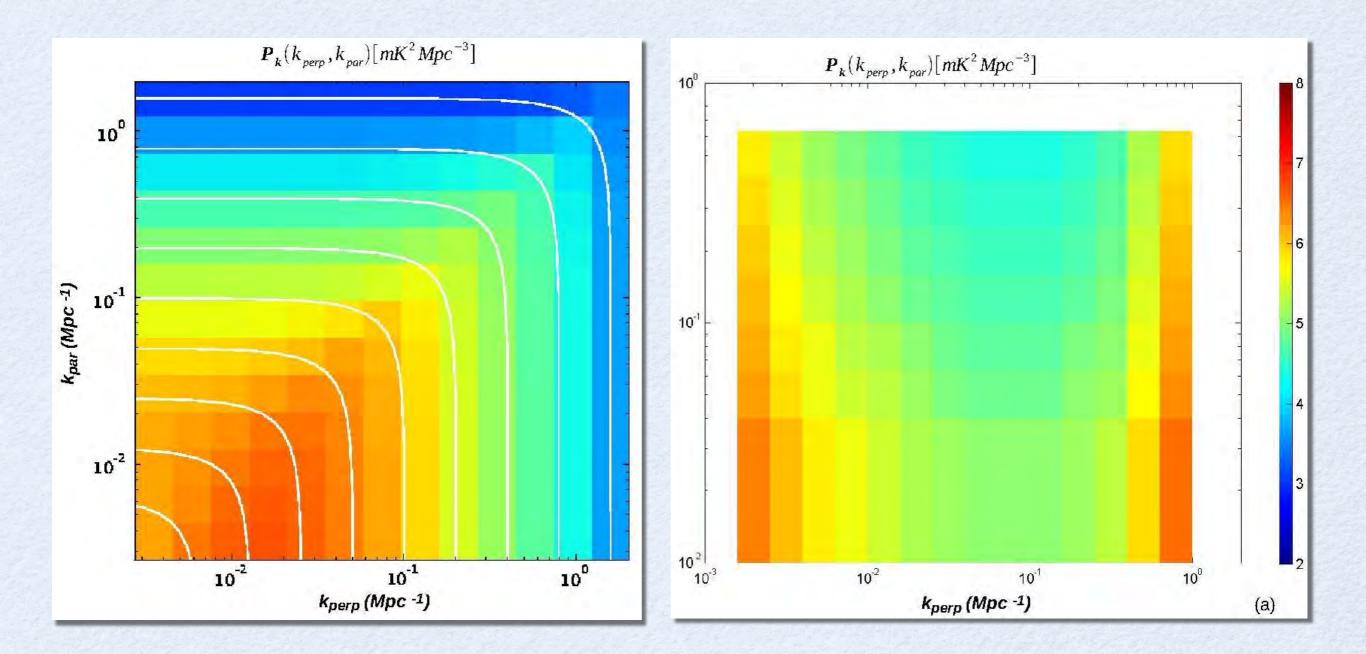


Bowman et al. (2008)

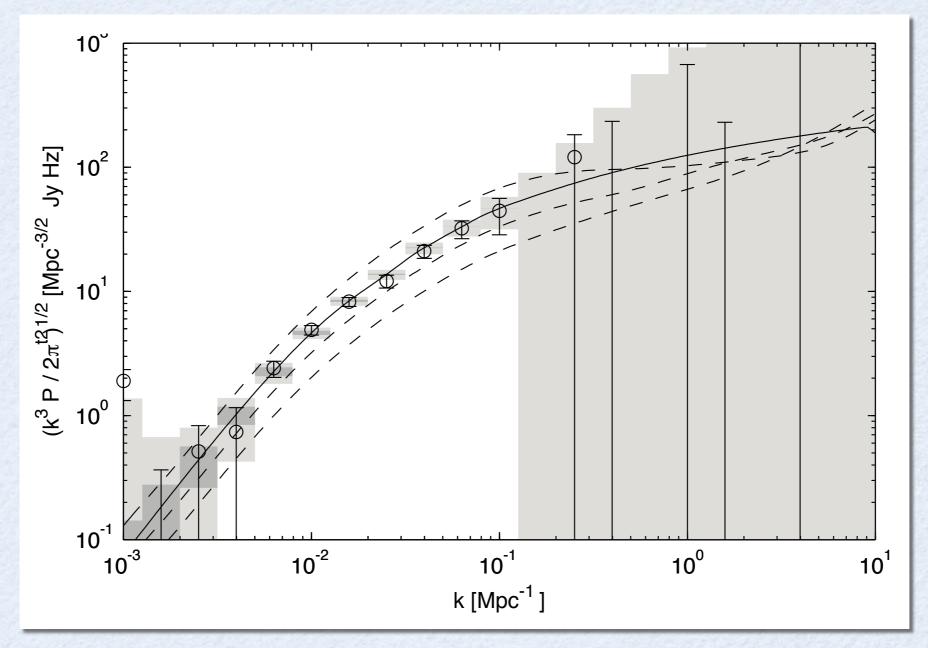
#### k-space measurement



### MWA sensitivity



#### MWA power spectrum sensitivity

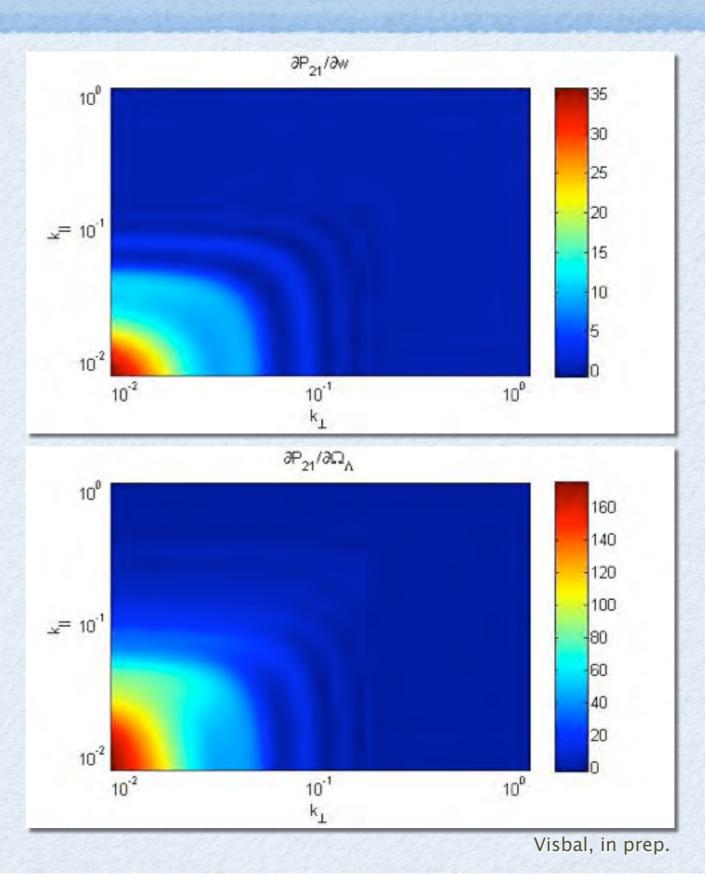


Furlanetto, Zaldarriaga, Hernquist (2004a,b) Bowman, Morales & Hewitt (2005) Kaplinghat (2005)

z = 8,360 hours of

## k-space Fisher matrixes

#### Tuning parameter sensitivity



## Opportunities for lunar 21 cm

- Low RFI
- No ionosphere
- Slow rotation rate
- Dark ages (redshift > 40)
- Very large arrays, novel hardware (e.g. MOFF?)
  Challenge of very fast ground-based development

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